The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 1748

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18. 1741

IT is a Caution generally given to young Gentlemen much addicted to violent Exercises, to have a Care of over-straining; because an Accident of this Sort may be, and indeed is but too commonly, attended by Consequences which no Art can remedy. Naturalists tell us, that some of the useful Operations in Physick were taught us by Animals; that the Virtues of a certain Herb were discovered by Goats, that the Bird *Ibis* gave the first Hint of a Glyster, and that Bathing was borrow'd from the Practice of a Domestick Brute. Hence I conceive it not all amiss to adopt this boyish Maxim in Politicks, and lay it down as a Rule for all such as will venture upon a boisterous Kind of Publick Wrestling stiled *Opposition*, to be cautious of pushing too far, because if they have any Generals among them they may be informed that such Cases impossible to make a good Retreat. Which is so consonant to Reason, and hath been so frequently, I had like to have said lately, confirmed by Experience, that I am not without Hopes Capt. *Vinegar* will admit that mine is a right Rule; and that for once he has met a good Thing in the *Gazetteer*; provided always that he be not out of Humour about what I said t'other Night concerning a BEAR and the Bar, since if he should, to be sure nothing I can say (for he is a good natur'd and obliging) could please him.

In the Dispute between Parties this polite Writer, the Capt. has so equall'd the Merit of the Cause in which he has frequently compared to the *Ring* at *Moorfields*, and for once therefore the Consideration of it in that Light may be indulged me. Amongst the Heroes of this Part of the World Fair Play is a Thing always to be won; and *how warm soever* the Combatants may be, it is expected nevertheless that Rancour should not mix with Courage; for in that Case there would be no Sport. But will any Retainer to the *Champion's* Cause venture to assert that they have steadily adhered to the Rule, that they have observed so much as *Hock in the Hole* Decorum, or shewn a proper Respect to the Manners, as it is practised at present in the *Bear-Garden* about this great City? I am perswaded there is not a *Cudgel-Player* of the whole CORPS who could have the Assurance to say such a Thing, because the contrary is very well known. Such a Failing however is of no small Consequence, and, if I am rightly informed, it has been something of this Sort which has been fatal to some of our AMPHITHEATRES, of which *several* are now come to *nothing* within the *Memory* of MAN. This Instance ought to be a Caution to the whole Fraternity, the rather because *Interest*, and a *Full* HOUSE seems to be their *ruling* Passion.

The Days of the illustrious *Figg*, who, as I have been informed, had the Honour to instruct some PATRIOTS as well as *Prize-fighters*, such strange Proceedings as are now common, would by no Means have been allowed. He always insisted, that as the *Diversions of this House* were peculiar to the *English* as a *People*, so should happen nothing there, which might affect the Nation. His Challenges were drawn with Wit, but no Scurrility; and he never thought a Man such a *Hero* as to be expected to dispute on two Stages the same Day: But since *Death* tripp'd up his Heels, alas she never has overtaken the Noble Art of Defence. Every Fellow that can but flourish a Hack, takes himself for a Master, and expects every Swordsman in the Kingdom should engage him when the fighting Fit is upon him; and if the other shews an Unwillingness to cut off his Ears, talks of having him for a Coward. This is a vast Grievance in the Judgment of all Lovers of Back-Sword, because they apprehend it contrary to the Maxims of the Theory which require that the Combatants should be fairly match'd; and not that every *high* spirited Gentleman, who has just learned to handle a Quarter-Staff, should be encouraged to insult the *oldest* Brethren of the Blade.

The more knowing Part of the World agree there is a vast Difference between the Modern and the Ancient Method, which they say 'tis owing that Strangers have entertained such odd Notions of our Amusements in this Kind, as if they spoke us rather a barbarous than a free People. I should think therefore that when Cap. *Hercules*, Mr. *Caleb*, or honest Mr. *Common sense* had an Afternoon to spare, it could not be better employ'd than in penning a smart Paper on the Laws relating to Combat, the rather because themselves being esteem'd a Kind of Gladiators, they may well be thought to understand the Subject, and to have it at heart; to say the truth, it is a kind of common Cause, and nothing could be more advantageous for the *querulous* Part of his Majesty's Subjects than that some Regulation in the Conduct of Debate in general was thought of and introduced. Otherwise, tho' I am as my Enemies say no Conjurer, yet I can foresee, that *Abuse* without *Licence* may be fatal to all Sorts of *Champions*, what kind of Weapons soever they use, and whether in their Warfare they shed Ink or Blood. I confess it is my Foible to grow grave on all Subjects; but as I am sensible of it, and ask Pardon for this unseasonable Sobriety, I hope the Publick will pass it by, and my Brethren (to whom I have given so opportune a Caution) will not throw it in my Dish.

But to resume my Subject —— There is one thing exceedingly to the Honour of the *Spectators* at our *Amphitheatres*, that no sooner they discern a Mixture of *Malice* in the Heart of any Combatant, but immediately their Wishes incline another Way. The *English* are too *generous* to abet so foul a Passion as *Envy*, especially in *publick Contests*, and therefore see with Indignation such Practices as may give *Fumblers* in *Exercise* the Advantage over the *best* MASTER of the Age. They look 'tis true with Delight on a Trial of Skill, when it is really such; but when a few *boistrous People* break in and are for being declared Conquerors without any *Trial at all*, they can't forbear *hissing* the Attempt, and *hooting* these *Darby Captains* from the Stage. I know a *Foreign Author* has made this Observation before me, but as it is just it will bear repeating. Besides, it is for the Honour of our Countrymen that the Love of Justice is universal amongst them, and that they abhor in every Sense of Life, whatever has the Air of arbitrary Authority or barefaced Oppression. In other Countries Men of Rank will not suffer this, but 'tis in *Britain* only where the very Mob are equitable, and can discern and explode Foul Play as soon as the politest Assembly abroad. I say, 'tis here and here only; and long may they retain this Noble Spirit.

R. FREEMAN.

Extract of Letters from Silesia, dated Feb. 2. N. S.

'THE Regular Troops in the Service of the Queen of Hungary being now happily join'd by the Militia, we expect every day to hear of some decisive Action with the Prussians. 'Tis remarkable that the Magistrates of Breslau begin tho' too late to see their Folly; for three Days ago they sent Agents to Vienna to solicit their Pardon, but 'tis easy to guess what Looks they will meet with at that Court, since to their City alone is owing the Ruin of this whole Duchy, which will not be able to recover its Losses for several Years. The Prussians that are canton'd in this Country have Men posted at all the Avenues, to search all Messengers, Postboys and Letter carriers, and to intercept their Dispatches, in order to keep the Publick from knowing how they use the poor Inhabitants. A Gentleman who left Niess a little before it was besieged has received some Advices from thence, that the Prussians lost about 4000 Men before that Place, who were almost to a Man carried to Grosbourg, a Place belonging to the King of Prussia, and there buried in the Night-time, that it might not be known what Loss they had sustain'd.'

Extract of another of Feb. 8. N. S. from Vienna.

'The Elector of Cologne has declar'd to our Court a second time, that he intends to observe a strict Neutrality with regard to the Pretensions of his Brother the Duke of Bavaria, in order to preserve the Tranquillity of the Empire; and that so far from doing any Prejudice to the House of Austria, he will shew his Attachment to it in the Election of an Emperor as well as in other Cases. The Ceremony of her Majesty's Coronation in Hungary is fix'd on the 14th of May, and the Dyet of that Kingdom will be summon'd for the purpose at Presbourg. Her Majesty does not expect to lye-in till about the 6th of next Month.'

'The Council of War having receiv'd Advice from Moravia and Bohemia that a great Number of Prussian Deserters is arriv'd there, they have sent Orders not to permit such as are natural-born Subjects of the King of Prussia to enter into the Queen's Dominions, nor to admit the others into her Majesty's Service, but only to let them have Passports to return home.'

And from Hambourg, of Feb. 10. N. S.

'Letters arrived this Day from Berlin tell us, that the Kings of Great Britain and Poland, the Regent of Muscovy and the States General have by their Ministers at that Court exhorted the King of Prussia to put a stop to his War in the Empire, and to accommodate Matters with the House of Austria; but that his Majesty nevertheless continues his Preparations for War, and has return'd for Answer, that he could not hearken to any Accommodation, unless the Powers that proposed to him the Expedients would guaranty his Pretensions to the four Principalities of Silesia. We hear from Bohemia and Moravia, that so zealous are the Youth there for the Service of the Queen of Hungary, that no less than 20,000 young Fellows have offered themselves to be listed, to try their Fortunes against the common Enemy which threatens to fall upon those Countries; and 'tis added, that as soon as they have received their Liveries, which are getting ready Day and Night, they are to set out for Silesia in company with some Regiments of regular Forces. They write also from the Frontiers of Bohemia, that the Austrian Troops are already augmented by above 20000 Men, and that they daily expect to hear of some considerable Action.'

Hague, Feb. 24. N. S. 'The Reports of an approaching Accommodation betwixt Great Britain and Spain have found the greater Credit with some Politicians, from a Notion they have, that Spain would be very glad to make some Sacrifice in America to Great Britain, that she may be able to send all her Strength against the House of Austria in Italy: But, on the other hand, 'tis not imagined that this can be agreeable to France, forasmuch as Spain cannot grant any Advantages to the English, but what will most certainly turn to the Prejudice of the Commerce of France; and there is no Likelihood that the latter will be inclinable to give up all the Advantage she might expect from her Armaments, by supporting the Designs of the Catholick Queen in Italy. This is the current Sentiment here, not only upon the Exchange, and among the Merchants, but almost in all Places: And it seems to be the more rational, because all the Letters from France confirm, that the King persists in his Resolution to maintain the Pragmatick Sanction, according to the Tenor of the Treaties. We hear that the Prussian Ministers here and at London, have received Instructions from Berlin, to propose the Arbitration of the Differences between the Families of Austria and Brandenbourg to his Britannick Majesty and the States-General; and that the Queen of Hungary's Minister at London hinted in a Conference with one of the Secretaries of State, that he did not believe the Queen his Mistress would be against submitting her Rights to the Decision of his Britannick Majesty, &c. but that it could never be for her Honour to do it, except on condition that Things should be restored to the State they were in at the Death of the late Emperor her Father.'

Florence, Feb. 5. On the 29th past, the first Column of Austrian Troops arrived at Pontremoli from Lombardy. On the 30th at Night a Messenger was dispatch'd by the Regency to the great Duke of Tuscany, to settle a Supply for the extraordinary Expences which the Body of Austrian Troops from Lombardy into Tuscany will occasion. On the 31st, the Regiment of Lorrain Foot-guards in Garison in our Castles was reviewed, and 600 Men were chosen in order to join the Austrian Troops in the Sienese. M. de Braitwitz is preparing his Field Equipage, and all Manner of military Stores are getting ready at the Old Castle. A Body of 3000 Foot, and a Party of Horse of the Austrian Troops from Lombardy, are expected to arrive in a few Days at Viareggio, in their March to Pisa, Empoli, &c. the Places of their Rendezvous, where the necessary Preparations are made for their Reception.

Berlin, Feb. 18. On Thursday last his Prussian Majesty came to Town from Potzdam, and the same Day declared his Intention of setting out for his Army in Silesia To-morrow the 19th Instant. His Prussian Majesty's own Regiment of Guards of three Batallions, which had moved from Ruppin to Potzdam, set out two Days ago from this latter Place on their March for Silesia. Messieurs Gotter and Cocceii having desired to be excused from going to Francfort, upon the Foot proposed to them; the King of Prussia has named two other Ambassadors,

baſſadors, viz. M. Schwerin his Maſter of the Horſe, and M. Zumbroich one of his Miniſters of State.

HOME PORTS.

Portſmouth, Feb. 16. Yeſterday arriv'd at Spithead the Deal Caſtle Man of War, Capt. Weſt, from Liſbon. Sailed the Somerſet, Capt. Holmes, from Eaſt India for the River; as alſo ſailed out of our Harbour the Onſlow, Capt. Balchen, for Spithead and Eaſt India; the Lenox, Capt. Main, and the Colcheſter, Sir William Hewit, Men of War, for Spithead. Juſt arriv'd at Spithead the London, Bootle, the Fort St. George, Acton, and the Beaufort, Stevens, for Eaſt India; the Parham Club, Hyer, and the Cheſter, Pain, from London for Antigua.

Dover, Feb. 16. Wind S. S. W. and blows hard. Arrived the Matilda, Blackwell, in 12 Days Paſſage from Liſbon.

Deal, Feb. 16. Wind S. by W. and blows hard. Arrived the Liſbon Galley, Blackabee, and the Mafra, Smith, from Liſbon; the Somerſet, Holmes, from E. India. Remains in the Downs his Majeſty's Ship the Blaſt.

Arrived

At Plymouth, the Polly, Bird, from S. Carolina.

At Gallipoly, the India Merchant, Read, from London; the Tuſcany, Martin, from Leghorn.

LONDON, February 18.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. William Kittier, dated at the Citadel of Pampelonia, Jan. 28, 1740. *to Mr. William Kittier of Ringwood.*

" I ſhall now take Leave to trouble you, in as few Words as I can, with what is paſt; viz. After we was taken I was kept 3 Days and 3 Nights with Mr. Spratt continually on the Quater-Deck under Guard, all the People elſe was tyed their Hands behind their Backs, except the Mate who had all the Liberty he deſired. The People that was tyed was put into the Fore-Caſtle 3 Days and 3 Nights, until their Hands was bliſter'd and ſwell'd after a diſmal Rate, and almoſt ſtarved. We was 12 Days after taken getting to St. Sebaſtian's: When we arrived there I was directly taken on Shore, and carried before the Intendant and examined, and then put into Priſon. We lived there indifferent well 11 Days; then we was march'd, 27 Engliſh Men in Number, for Pampelonia, ſome of us almoſt naked, and the beſt but double Pin-feathered: After the firſt Day's March, about 7 or 8 o'Clock in the Evening, Mr. Glover, John Slade, and myſelf, jump'd out of a Window and eſcaped; but Fortune being againſt us, for after we had been Libertines 48 Hours, and endur'd the Frights of a hunted Fox, thro' Woods and over Mountains higher than the Clouds, and ſwimming over Rivers, without Victuals or Drink except Water, we was taken within 3 Miles of France, two thirds dead. We had about 12 Shillings in Caſh, which the Spaniards took from us, and coupled Mr. Glover and myſelf together with Hand-Cuffs, and put us in Gaol that Night, and next Morning march'd us for this Place, which is 40 Miles as bad Road as ever I ſaw. They forc'd us to walk it in two Days link'd together, every Step Half-Leg in Dirt, and nothing to eat more than Bread, and very little Wine; the firſt Night put into a Dungeon, the next Day put into the Liberty of the Citadel, which is 11 or 12 Acres of Land wall'd: We all lived ſo 14 Days, 170 Engliſh, until 6 Maſters who had ſome Money made their Eſcape, and then all was lock'd cloſe Night and Day in four ſeparate Places, two of which for the Common People the moſt diſmal that ever Man liv'd in, being Dungeons under Ground and over Shoes in Dirt; the Maſters Place, and them they call Chriſtians, is much better. We lived ſo 7 Weeks, and no more Allowance but 1 Pound of Black bad Bread. On Chriſtmas-Day the Letters came and my Credit: The 19th of January King George's Bounty came (whom pray God preſerve) when we was all reſtored to walk the Gariſon at Day, and now I live very well, and beg all Friends to be content till Fortune turns. I am forced to leave off.

Your Humble Servant,

William Kittier."

'Tis ſaid that Yeſterday Morning arrived the unwelcome News of the Death of the Right Hon. Charles Lord Cathcart, one of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, Colonel of a Regiment of Horſe, Major-General of his Majeſty's Armies, and General and Commander in Chief of all his Majeſty's Forces in the Weſt-Indies.

And that he is ſucceeded in the Command of the ſaid Forces by Brigadier-General Thomas Wentworth, as being Senior Officer.

Yeſterday William Archer was committed to Newgate by Col. De Veil, for feloniouſly taking a great Quantity of Seeds from Mrs. Lowther at Kenſington-Gore.

The ſame Day the famous John Caſſody, a noted Highwayman and Street-Robber, who was at the Head of the Riot in Clare market, was alſo committed by the ſame Gentleman to Newgate, for a Street-Robbery on Sunday laſt was Sevennight, upon Mr. Richard Brittain, an Attorney at Law, near the Duke of Newcaſtle's Houſe, from whom, with two other Perſons not yet in Cuſtody, he took a Silver Watch, his Silver Shoe-Buckles and Knee-Buckles, putting a loaded Piſtol in his Mouth at the Time of the Robbery.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning		Evening	
	01	29	01	51

Bank Stock nothing done. India 157. South Sea 101 1-half to 3-4ths. Old Annuity 111 1-half to 5-8ths. New ditto 109 5-8ths to 7-8ths to 3-4ths. Three per Cent. 98 3-4ths to 99. Seven per Cent. Loan 97 1-half to 97. Five per Cent. ditto 74 1-half. Royal Aſſurance 89 1-half. London Aſſurance 11 to 1-8th. African 10. India Bonds 4 l. 2 s. to 4 s. Premium. Bank Circulation 3 l. 17 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. Engliſh Copper 3 l. 10 s. Welſh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 102 1-4th. Three per Cent. ditto 94 3-4ths. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 110.

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Containing

1. An Eſſay on Caſtle-Building. 2. A Diſſertation on Corns. 3. A Propoſal to regulate the Coffee-houſe Criticks. 4. A Thought on Greatneſs 5. A Sketch of the Character of Edward the Black Prince, addreſs'd to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales. 6. On the Gardens of Stowe. 7. The Rule of Pleaſure. 8. Records of Literature, News, &c.

And on Saturday next will be publiſhed Number VIII.

Containing,

1. Thoughts on Educati n. 2. On Barbarini dancing. 3. Advice to Lovers. 4. A Declaration of Love. 5. On Richmond Gardens. 6. The Petition of Antiquæ. 7. A Song. 8. Records of Literature, News, &c.

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A Certain and infallible Cure f SCURVY, tho' of the longeſt Standing, and with the moſt aggravated Circumſtances (a Diſtemper mon to Engliſh People; that not one in a thouſand exempt from it, and great Numbers are ſorely affli it) being a cordial Elixir, peculiarly adapted to the in all its Forms of appearing, from the ſlighteſt Inc mour in the Blood, to its utmoſt or laſt Efforts of Nature.

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The Directions given with it are large and

the DAILY GAZETTEER.

Feb. 14, 1740.

R,

N the *London Evening Post* of *Tuesday* laſt are the following Paragraph and Epigram:

'As it has occaſion'd much 'Speculation, that in the ele- 'gant Monument lately ere- 'cted to *Shakeſpear* in *Weſt- 'minſter Abbey*, the Poet 'ſhould point to a *Blank La- 'bel*, the following Epigram explain the Reaſon of it; *viz.*

this *Blank* Scroll what I'd expreſs
ain muſt the Spectator gueſs:
tho' I earneſt point below,
Meaning does the Tablet ſhow.
e Thoughts expreſs'd had ſure been apter,
ſo it pleas'd the *Dean* and *Chapter*;
why at laſt I nothing mean,
the wife *Chapter* and the *Dean*.

ſwer to this pretty Piece of Poetry, be pleas'd the following Lines in your Paper.

ening Poſt, to vent his Spleen,
mawls the *Chapter* and the *Dean*.
ames the *Blank*; but wiſely *They*
the Rhymes of *Johnny Gay*:
, ev'n Thou, the Blank ſhalt mourn,
in its Niche to ſtick thy Urn,
modeſt Muſe ſhall rouſe again,
ublick Love of *Drury-Lane*.
dſt Thou thy *Jove*, when *ſunk to Reſt*,
d on the Label be expreſt:
at the *Raviſh'd Lock* ſhould grace
decent Strains the Sacred Place;
thicks that, in Reaſon's Spight,
ood and *Bad* alike are *right*:
ng to *Theſe* wouldſt *Thou* be ſeen,
e thou muſt *Thy Pious Dean*.

Yeſterday arriv'd a Mail from France.

Madrid, Jan 30.

T Week 200,000 Pieces of Eight were ſent un a Guard to Barcelona for the Cloathing of in that Province, and the Revenues of Anda- Valencia are appropriated for the Cloathing of es in thoſe Kingdoms; the Inſpectors ſet out ek to review them, and as the Duke de Mon- packing up his Kitchen tackle, 'tis not doubted e ſecret Expedition is on foot. Mean time the dors of Poland, Denmark and Holland keep a ok-out upon all the Motions of our Miniſters.

ourg, Feb. 3. The Velt Marſhal de Palfi Gene- hief of the Queen's Forces in Hungary has writ owing Letter to the Spiritual and Temporal States Kingdom, which is tranſlated verbatim from the

Gentlemen,

doubtedly you can't be ignorant in what a de- al, illegal, and unheard-of Manner, contrary e Law of Nations and to his Promiſe, in con- of the Pragmatick Sanction, and by an inex- e Violation of a ſolemn Treaty, the King of has in this Seaſon of Winter taken Arms againſt ueen our moſt gracious Sovereign, who leaſt of pected it, and has without any Reaſon ſeized t all Sileſia: And as we hear that he is actually ng towards Moravia, and extends his Arms far- nd farther, 'tis to be fear'd that if he goes on at Rate, he will penetrate to the very Confines of gary, which has in other Reſpects ſuffered ſo Calamities and Miſeries, and that he will effe- y plunder and ruin it.

hould be wanting to my Word and Honour if I ot oppoſe Deſigns ſo pernicious, and if I did not d my Country at the Hazard even of my Life: this Reaſon I have firmly reſolved, in caſe thoſe lities are carried farther, and into the Heart or even e Borders of the Kingdom, to oppoſe them in n with the united Forces of the Germans and garians. Conſequently, the Preſervation of try and the publick Safety oblige me, Gentle- , to deſire you to let me know, without Loſs of , how many reſolute and well arm'd Horſemen 'you can furniſh, to be diſtributed under the Command 'of able Officers, and to be employ'd in repelling the 'Enemy and preſerving the dear Country from their 'Violence. They muſt be ready to mount at a Mo- 'ment's Warning, and to follow me wherever the Caſe 'ſhall require. All the Booty they take ſhall be their 'own, and they ſhall moreover be provided with Bread, 'Hay and Oats.

'I pray God to preſerve you in perfect Health, and 'am, Gentlemen, your moſt humble Servant.

Preſbourg, Jan. 26.

The Count JOHN PALFI.

Breſlaw, Feb. 6. The King of Pruſſia's Officers having acquainted the States of Sileſia that their Sovereign expected they ſhould perform Homage to him, they demanded three Days Time to conſider of it, and then gave in an Anſwer, with their Reaſons why they cannot comply.

Paris, Feb. 14. O. S. The Princes of Heſſe-Darmſtadt, viz. Lewis, George, and Frederic, have all Three had their Audiences of Leave of the King. Rich Liveries are making here for the Equipage of the Elector of Bavaria, who intends to go in Perſon to the Dyet at Francfort, with a numerous and ſplendid Court.

According to laſt Year's Bill for this City, there were 18632 Chriſtnings, 4017 Marriages, 25284 Burials, and 3150 Foundlings; ſo that 6652 dy'd that Year more than were baptiz'd. In 1739 there were 19781 Chriſtnings, 4108 Marriages, 21986 Burials, and 3289 Foundlings: So that there was a Decreaſe laſt Year of 1149 in the Chriſtnings, of 91 in the Marriages, and of 139 in the Foundlings; and an Increaſe of 3298 in the Burials.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Leghorn, Feb. 13. On the 3d arrived the Marlborough, Treels, from Yarmouth; the John, Knagh, from Cephalonia: On the 4th, the Venetian Poſt, Boon, from Amſterdam; the Fidelity, Dirks, from Falmouth. On the 5th, the St. Robert, Baetman, from Ditto: On the 6th, the Mary, Buys, from Rotterdam: On the 9th, the Dolly, Teage, from Falmouth, in 25 Days. On the 8th ſailed, under Convoy of the Kennington Man of War, the Iſabella, Stuart, the Tuſcany, Tanner, and the Ann, Wigg, for London; the Two Brothers, Grantland, and the William, Whitborn, for the Weſt Indies; the Two Brothers, Troth, for Lisbon; the Adventure, White, for Port Mahon; the Endeavour, Grainger, for Pool; and the Falmouth, Vigors, for Briſtol; the Don Franciſco, Hearn, for Waterford; the Neptune, Painter, for Exeter; the Mediterranean, Gardner, and the Amelia Sloop, Samper, for Genoa. 'The Speedwell, Gely, for Briſtol, did 'ſome in the foregoing Liſt, did not ſail in time to 'join the Convoy.'

Genoa, Feb. 16. N. S. On the 11th arrived off of our Port, the Kennington Man of War, with a Fleet of Merchant-ſhips from Leghorn. The Ann, Grimball, from this Place for London, joined them and ſailed for Port Mahon. Arrived the Mediterranean, Gardner, and the Amelia Sloop, Samper, from Leghorn.

HOME PORTS.

Leith, Feb. 10. Arrived the May, Dan. Maciver, from Oporto; the Anne and Katherine, Angus, from London.

Briſtol, Feb 16. Arrived the Carolina Merchant, ———, from South Carolina; the Turtledove, Ratſey, from New-York; and the Succeſs, Roſs, from Antigua.

'Capt. Roſs came out about the 29th of December, 'and brings a certain Account that Lord Cathcart died 'about a Week before his Departure.'

Falmouth, Feb. 14. Wind W. N. W. Sailed the Proſperous, Beale, of and for Portſmouth; the Ann and Mary, Humphreys, of and from Truro with Tin for London; the Proſperous, Trepp, for Havredegrace. The Outward bound remain.

Plymouth, Feb. 15. Came in the Bleſſing, Laskly, of Southampton, and the N. S. Piedade, Mmorque, both from London for Lisbon; the Italian Merchant, Perriman, of and from London for Virginia; the Writtle Merchant, Gunning, from London for Africa; and the Prudent Ann, Chaſe, from Rotterdam for Lisbon.

Dartmouth, Feb. 15. Wind W. This Day arrived the Ann, Land, of and for this Place from Oporto. This Day arrived and ſailed the Providence, Newcomen from Carolina for Cowes. Remains the Hound Sloop of War, with four Tenders.

Cowes, Feb. 16. Wind W. This Morning came in the Mary, Hill, from London for Lisbon. Yeſterday ſailed the George and William, Brown, from South Carolina for Amſterdam.

Poole, Feb. 16 Wind S. S. E. and dirty Weather. Paſs'd by the Nazareth, Bennet, from Lisbon for London.

Dover, Feb. 17. Arrived the Mercy, Wright, from Carolina; 'a bad Paſſage;' the Mary, Montgomery, from Virginia; and the Joyce, Penny, from Lisbon for Oſtend. Sailed the Grampus Sloop of War, Capt. Brett, for the Downs. Wind W. S. W. and blows hard.

Deal, Feb. 17. Wind S. W. Remain in the Downs his Majeſty's Sloops Grampus and Blaſt.

'The Somerſet, Holmes, ſailed for the River this 'Morning from East-India.

Gravesend, Feb. 17. Paſſed by the Princeſs Auguſta, Gwynn, from Barbados.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

At Scanderoon, Dec. 11. the Delawar, Jolly, from London and Cyprus.

At Cyprus, the Ruxley, Phillips, from London and Alexandria.

At Civita Vecchia, the Cornwall, Shirmer; and,

At Naples, the Mermaid, James; both from Falmouth.

At Barbados, the Judith, Holland, and the Induſtry, Burcomb, from London.

At Antigua, the Pretty Betſey, Taverner, from London.

At Carolina, the Griffin, Southerland, from Guiney and Antigua.

At Philadelphia, the Warren, Stiles, from London.

LONDON, February 19.

They write from Lisbon, that the Captain of an Engliſh Man of War having carried off on Board his Ship by Force twelve Perſons of ſeveral Nations, and refuſing to reſtore them, tho' demanded by the King of Portugal, and by the Britiſh Miniſter the Lord Tyrawley, his Majeſty ſent Orders to all the Forts, to ſink him if he attempted to go off; which ſo intimidated him, that he ſet the Men at Liberty, and begg'd the King's Pardon.

Letters from Cadiz of the 7th of Feb. N. S. mention that a French Tartan was arrived there with two Millions of Pieces of Eight and 160 Bags of Cochineal from Vera Cruz, which Place ſhe left the 6th of January laſt N. S and that four others were to follow in a ſhort time, viz. three French and one Dutch.

They write from Charles-town in S. Carolina, Dec. 29. that a Ship called the Ancona, and two more bound to that Port, which were waiting with Pilots on board for a favourable Opportunity to get over their Bar, had been taken by a Spaniſh Privateer and carried to St. Auguſtin.

The Britannia, John Purnell Maſter, bound from New York to Briſtol, was lately ſtranded near Beerhaven in Ireland.

In our Paper of Tueſday laſt from Dover we mention'd that the Princeſs Auguſta, Capt. Gwyn, from Barbados, ſunk a Spaniſh Privateer the firſt Broadſide. Since, we are well inform'd, that ſhe blew up and ſunk by her own Powder taking fire in her Quarter, and amongſt the People on board were four of the poor unhappy Engliſhmen belonging to the Brigantine taken the Day before bound from Carolina for Plymouth, the reſt were moſtly French.

The Pearl of London, Henry Hammett Maſter, with eleven Hands on board and two Paſſengers, was drove by Tinmouth Bar with a ſtrong Wind at W. S. W. and loſt the 26th Jan. laſt on the Steeple Rocks; the Maſter, Mate, and three of the Men were ſav'd, who continued on the Rocks (which were covered with Snow) two Days and two Nights, and had nothing to ſupport them but a Piece of raw Beef: The Rocks are ſeven Miles from Land. She was daſh'd to pieces in leſs than five Minutes, and nothing ſaved. Her Sails were almoſt all ſplit, the Ballaſt waſh'd away, and they were oblig'd to pump and bail Water Night and Day.

On Tueſday laſt an unfortunate Accident happened by a Weſt Country Barge, who was under Sail, (tho' contrary to Act of Parliament) and ran foul of a Boat near Whitehall, by which means the Waterman was kill'd.

The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have been pleased to appoint Capt. Dilks, late of the Hound Sloop, to be Admiral Cavendish's Captain on Board the St. George, a Second Rate.

On Tuesday last a Warrant was issued out by Col. De Veil, for apprehending the Street Robbers concern'd with John Cassody in the Robbery committed by the Duke of Newcastle's House, on Mr. Richard Brittain; in pursuance of which, Robert Hunt was Yesterday taken in Hanging Sword Alley in Fleetstreet, and being brought before the said Colonel, and confronted with the Gentleman robb'd, he pick'd him out amongst a great Number of People that were there, and swore positively to him. He is a noted Offender, and was but lately discharged out of Newgate, where he is now re-committed.

The same Day Phœbe Boyle was by the same Gentleman committed to the same Place, for feloniously taking out of the Lodgings of Mrs. Frances Oxley, a Diamond Ring, a Pair of Diamond Ear-Rings, a Silver Egg, a Piece of Muslin, a Pair of Silver Spurs, several Laced Caps, and other Wearing Apparel to a very considerable Value.

The same Day Col. De Veil committed one William Archdeacon to the Gatehouse, for stripping an empty House in Oxendon street of a great Quantity of Lead, found upon him.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	02	11	Evening 02 19

Bank Stock 141. India 157. South Sea 101 1-half to 3-4ths. Old Annuity 111 1-half to 7-8ths to 3-4ths. New ditto 109 3-4ths to 7-8ths. Three per Cent. 99. Seven per Cent. Loan 96. Five per Cent. ditto 74. Royal Assurance 89 1-half. London Assurance 11 1-8th. African 10. India Bonds 4l. 4s. to 5s. Premium. Bank Circulation 3l. 17s. 6d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 3l. 15s. Welsh ditto 15s. Three 1 half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 102 1-4th. Three per Cent. ditto 94 3-4ths. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 110.

Lottery-Office, February 16, 1740.

THE *Managers and Directors appointed by Act of Parliament, to take in the Fortunate Tickets of the Bridge Lottery Anno* 1740. *and to deliver out Certificates for and in Lieu thereof, payable by the Cashiers appointed by the Bank for the said Lottery, according to the Directions of the said Act in that Behalf, Do hereby give Notice, That they will begin to take in and enter for Certificates the said Fortunate Tickets, at their Office near the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, on Monday the Second of March next and so from Day to Day (Sundays and Holidays excepted) from Ten in the Forenoon till Two in the Afternoon each Day. And to the end that the Persons entitled to the said Fortunate Tickets may have Dispatch, the said Managers will take in and enter the said Tickets at Two different Seats; that is to say, The Fortunate Tickets from Number* 1 *to* 36000 *at the first Seat mark'd Letter* A; *the Fortunate Tickets from Number* 36001 *to* 65000, *at the second Seat mark'd Letter* B: *The Persons therefore possessed of the said Fortunate Tickets are desired with their Tickets to bring Lists thereof, made out as near as may be in Numerical Order, and adapted to each of the said Seats; and at the Bottom of such Lists to write the Christian and Surnames and other proper Descriptions of the Persons to be named in the Certificates, as Proprietors of the said Tickets*

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Acts xvii. 6 *They drew Jason, and certain Brethren, unto the Rulers of the City, crying, These that have turned the World upside down, are come hither also.*

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